

ENTRIES TO THE PRIMARY CLOSE

Drawings by Lot for Positions on Ballot.

A SPLENDID GALAXY OF MEN

Mr. Likens Withdraws from the Race for Secretary of State.

OFFICERS ARE INSTRUCTED

The following is the order in which the names of the candidates will appear on the ballot for the Democratic State Primary July 1:

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.

Thomas H. Paynter.

Ollie M. James.

FOR GOVERNOR.

James B. McCreary.

William Addams.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

Edward J. McDermott.

James P. Edwards.

T. G. Stuart.

FOR TREASURER.

Thomas S. Rhea.

FOR AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Ruby Laffoon.

Henry M. Bosworth.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL.

James Garnett.

O. H. Pollard.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

C. F. Crecellus.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Barksdale Hamlett.

L. C. Littrell.

R. S. Eubank.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE, LABOR AND STATISTICS.

J. W. Newman.

B. F. Hill.

G. T. Wright.

FOR CLERK OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.

Robert L. Greene.

J. Morgan Chinn.

Under the primary rules a blank line will be left under each of the offices in order that voters so desiring may cast a ballot for some person other than those who have formally entered the races.

The entries to the Democratic primary to be held July 1 closed officially at 12 o'clock Thursday night, but three hours before that time all aspirants for the various nominations had drawn lots for and been awarded positions on the ballots. If any aspirant was dissatisfied, there was no indication of the fact during the brief session of the subcommittee.

The two aspirants who, perhaps, were best pleased with the positions drawn by them were Senator Thomas H. Paynter, who seeks endorsement to succeed himself, and J. Morgan Chinn, one of the aspirants for the nomination for Clerk of the Court of Appeals. Senator Paynter drew first place on the ballot, while Mr. Chinn's name will be the last in the list of aspirants for nominations, and as these two positions are regarded as the most valuable on the ballot, both were naturally elated over the outcome of the drawing. All the aspirants, with the exception of Henry M. Bosworth, who seeks to be the nominee for State Auditor, and Edward J. McDermott, for Lieutenant Governor, were present at the drawing.

Likens Withdraws.

The withdrawal of Mr. Likens, of Hartford, from the race for Secretary of State leaves aspirants for two of the places on the ticket, that of Secretary of State and State Treasurer, without opposition. Following is the card of withdrawal issued by Mr. Likens:

"To the Democrats of Kentucky:

"Considering the short time I would have to make a canvass, with other important matters demanding my attention, I decided not to make a fight for the nomination for Secretary of State in the coming primary. I am profoundly thankful for the assurances of support from friends in all parts of the State. The willingness and zeal with which so many loyal friends pledged their support has made it difficult for me to refrain from pushing my

claims further. I feel, however, that the gratification of my political ambition is a small matter compared with the importance of Democratic supremacy in Kentucky this year, and that I can render as effective service in this campaign by exerting my very best efforts in support of the candidates who may be nominated July 1. From the time these nominations are made until the final election I shall cheerfully and vigorously support the ticket, and hope to see a great victory for the party that I love.

"Again assuring my friends that their support is genuinely appreciated, I am,

"Faithfully yours,
"G. B. LIKENS."

Letter to Officers.

Following the drawing of positions and the closing of entries, the subcommittee held an executive session, at the close of which Secretary R. G. Phillips was directed to send a letter to the chairman of the counties and legislative districts of the State relative to the conduct of the primary. Henry R. Lawrence, chairman of the subcommittee, said it was the purpose of the body to have the primary conducted in such a manner that none of those defeated for nominations July 1 would have cause to complain. He said the letters that would be mailed to the various county and legislative district chairmen by Secretary Phillips would fully inform them of the duties to be performed by them as well as by the election officers.

MITCHELL IS MARRIED—OTHERS OUT OF JAIL

Clarence Mitchell, who was shot several weeks ago at Livermore by William Potter, a negro, the latter being shot to death later by an angry mob, has fully recovered, and he has since married Miss Ruth English, a well known young lady of Livermore.

All the men arrested and placed in jail under indictment as being implicated in the mob, have executed bond, and been released from custody. Judge Birkhead will likely call a special session in July to try the cases.

COURT THINKS ATTORNEY'S FEE ARE MUCH TOO HIGH

The Court of Appeals Friday affirmed the Davless Circuit Court in its decision in the case of Shivelev against the Davless County Bank and Trust Company.

The affirmation of the decision rendered by Judge Birkhead, means that the attorneys Ben D. Ringo, LaVega Clements and J. R. Hays, who secured for the general credit of the Davless County Bank, about 273,000, which the holders of the mortgage certificates issued by the bank were claiming as belonging to them, are allowed the sum of \$1,500 for their services, for which they sought to collect \$5,000.

When the claim was presented in the Davless Circuit Court, the affidavits of about ten of the representative attorneys of the city were filed stating that they thought the claim a just and reasonable one. Judge Birkhead thought otherwise and entered an order allowing the attorneys the sum of \$1,500 for their services. The Appellate Court has affirmed his decision.

TEACHER IDENTIFIES MAN WHO SHOT HER

Louisville, Ky., June 14.—Positive identification of her assailant was made to-day by Miss Hallie Wetherby, the pretty Middletown, (Ky.) school teacher, who was shot on the night of June 7, when she picked out Thomas O. West from among seven men grouped before her at the Jewish Hospital.

West, who is Secretary and Treasurer of the Kentucky Life and Accident Insurance Company, shot Miss Wetherby while she was out driving with Lee Hibbs, a friend. It is supposed that West believed her to be another young woman with whom he had been keeping company.

This morning the accused man was arraigned in Magistrate Dorsey's Court. On motion of County Attorney Bullitt, West's Bond on which he was held, amounting to \$5,000, was raised to \$20,000.

The Hon. William Addams, who is a candidate for gubernatorial nomination in the Democratic primary July 1, was born near Mayfield, September 6, 1850.

LARGE GOBS OF EXTRAVAGANCE

Seen in Hitchcock's Lavish Expenditures.

WASTEPAPER BASKETS AT \$35

Desks and Tables at \$298 and \$320—Other Things in Proportion.

DIFFERENT WITH EMPLOYEES

(By Tavenner, Special Washington Correspondent of The Herald.)

Washington, June 17.—Thirty-five dollar wastepaper baskets, \$298 desks and \$320 tables were some of the little economies effected by Postmaster General Hitchcock in furnishing his "red room" and "brown room" offices. These and other striking examples of Republican cut-to-the-quick economy were revealed in testimony taken before the House committee on expenditures in the post-office department.

Mr. Hitchcock sanctioned the expenditure of \$7,500 in refurnishing three rooms, \$4,000 of which went to furnish the Postmaster General's private office alone. Circassian walnut furnishings especially designed and manufactured to special order, and specially designed carpets and draperies, furnished the nucleus of this expenditure.

All supplies were bought without subjecting the lucky dealer who secured the contracts to competition. He had but to state his price and secure an order upon the treasury. Five hundred and forty dollars purchased two mahogany davenport for American royalty; \$330 brought in two arm chairs; \$98 produced a table; \$295 purchased a second desk, and \$150 a third. A wardrobe to hang coats in, cost \$265. One rug was purchased at \$482.75. Another davenport in Circassian walnut "with pillow" cost Uncle Sam \$365; draperies in one room, \$600. Parquet flooring in one room, \$282. Telephone table, \$64. Table with black marble top, \$64. One bookcase, \$195. It cost the people \$352 to "scrape" the woodwork in the private office preparatory to new finish. Three hundred and twenty-two dollars bought a "Dotten-Dunton" decoration" on the walls of the private office.

Such was the measure of Mr. Hitchcock's economy in matters pertaining to his own personal comfort. In matters concerning the employees of the Government—the railway mail clerks for instance—he followed entirely different lines of procedure.

Mr. Hitchcock figured it out one day that by making three mail clerks do the work of four, he could make a record for economy. The already over-worked railway mail clerks were driven beyond the limit of endurance. Conditions in the West, especially in the Tenth division, became intolerable. Open rebellion broke out on the Pierre-Tracy line, the men refusing to do the extra work imposed upon them. Ten men were suspended. Then five of them were reinstated, but refused to return to work without their associates. This aroused the whole Northwest. The clerks met in mass meeting at St. Paul, Minn. They are now forcing the Postmaster General to relent in his plan to economize by overworking the railway mail boys.

Strange workings of the Hitchcock economy bump caused the Postmaster General to pay the full year salary of \$5,000 to A. W. Lawshe, Third Assistant Postmaster General, while the latter sojourned in New Mexico recuperating his health and looking after the interests of the Republican party, but performing no Government service whatever.

Still another example of Hitchcock economy was his appointment of a pseudo "lame duck" commission" of four of his intimate friends and staunch political supporters to go on a sort of Holy Grail conquest at the Government's expense. The commission investigated "time records" in every large city in the country, managing to disburse in expenses \$1,970.24.

The average amount spent by

each of the committee for subsistence was between nine and ten dollars a day, indicating that Mr. Hitchcock's friends had healthy appetites. Transportation expenses for each man for a period of less than two months, averaged \$300. Among many items of expenditure charged to and paid by Uncle Sam appear barber fees, bath charges, telephone bills, shines, news stand charges, in fact, almost everything possible in such a category except laundry, cigars and flowers. The Hotel Willard in Washington, the Astor in New York and kindred hostleries were employed to shelter the Government emissaries. Porter fees averaged 50 cents. The "commissioners" always purchased Pullman tickets, and cab fares are thickly sprinkled among the vouchers. Sometimes the commissioners traveled alone, but generally together, as behooves any well-ordered, pleasure loving Government committee.

How gratifying all this must be to the discharged postal clerks while they sit and figure out how much the Government is "saving" on them.

The Dick Fowler Brings \$500.

Paducah, Ky., June 17.—The steamer Dick Fowler, at one time the fastest boat on Western waters, was sold at public auction here for \$500, being bought by Ralph Emerson, owner of the Cottonblossom, a floating theater. The Fowler was sold to satisfy a debt of \$1,400 owed the Marin Boat company, of Mound City, Ill. The boat was built several years ago at a cost of \$35,000.

SEA BURIAL FOR THE DEAD OF FATED MAINE

In expressing approval of the plan for a sea burial for the Maine, Secretary Meyer is fortified by reasons of sentiment that should appeal strongly to the American people.

After the clearing of the wreck and the examination of the hull, the shattered remains of the old battle ship must be removed from the harbor of Savannah. To let curiosity-seekers prey upon it or to preserve it for exhibition would be an act of desecration. With the explosion of the Maine perished 259 of the crew. When it sank they went to their death with it. What may be saved of it should never be profaned for the gratification of gaping crowds of sightseers.

The Maine is sacred to the memory of the men who died when it went down. What more fitting end for the ship once buried with her dead than again to take her to sea, and, in the words of Holmes, "give her to the god of storms?"

CUTS WHEAT IN MORNING; USES FLOUR IN EVENING

Owensboro, Ky., June 17.—Here is a record never before equaled in Kentucky that was established by Emmett Haynes, a successful farmer, to-day:

9 a. m., cut wheat crop.
11 a. m., threshed wheat crop.
3 p. m., delivered load of new wheat to mill.
5 p. m., wheat ground into flour.
6 p. m., flour from the wheat that was cut at 9 a. m. made into bread and eaten for supper.

The wheat was delivered at Bransford's mill and C. W. Bransford says that it is the earliest delivery of wheat in twenty-four years.

MAN AND MULE ARE KILLED BY LIGHTNING

Owensboro, Ky., June 17.—Owensboro and Davless county were visited by a terrific wind, rain and hail storm this afternoon, resulting in the death of one man by lightning, the killing of a span of fine mules, wrecking several wheat barns and doing much damage to wheat that is being cut. However, thousands of farmers throughout the Green River district are preparing to spend the Sabbath day in setting out tobacco plants. Not over 50 per cent. of the tobacco crop has been planted, and this is the first good season in a month. Rain continues to fall to-night.

Riley Walden, 30 years of age, while riding a mule to get under shelter before the arrival of the storm, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. His clothing was torn to shreds. The mule also was killed.

The street cars and electric light plants were put out of commission for half an hour by the lightning.

MINERS WIN OUT IN WAGE MATTER

Will Receive \$40,000 More Next Ten Months

IN THE DISTRICT NUMBER 23

Attorney Yeaman, of Henderson, Decides Important Case Submitted Him.

CASE WAS LONG DRAWN OUT

Henderson, Ky., June 17.—Attorney James M. Yeaman, sitting as an arbitrator for the miners and operators of Southwestern Kentucky has decreed that all outside men, including engineers, firemen, pumpmen, night watchmen, blacksmiths, and special repair men, shall receive in the next ten months \$40,000 in wages more than they have been receiving. This is according to a contract entered into March 16, 1910, but, as the miners declare, was not filled by the operators. The contract will expire next month. The miners will receive no back pay.

The agreement called for eight hours work a day, but the miners declare they worked twelve hours for the pay they were entitled to for eight hours.

Robert Roll, the president of District 23, United Mine Workers of America, in speaking of the decision Thursday night, had the following to say:

"From the time I went into office, April 1, 1910, I have been determined to stand by the contract made by the operators and the miners of Southwestern Kentucky. Several times since being president of District 23, United Mine Workers of America, I have had to take issue with members of the organization of which I am president, but fortune always favored me, and I succeeded in convincing the miners that I was right.

"At the time of my election I was under the impression that every man within the jurisdiction of the United Mine Workers was getting the scale of wages as specified by the contract which was entered into March 16, 1910, but after having served a few months, I made the discovery that some of the outside men were working twelve hours for \$1.70, when they should have been receiving 21 1/4 cents per hour.

"I carried the case to Mr. D. Stewart Miller of Owensboro, who is commissioner for the operators who are parties to this contract, and told him that some places the operators were not complying with the contract. He then asked me to state in what cases, and I informed him that some of the outside men were underpaid, as above stated.

"He informed me that the operators were doing now what they had been doing for 13 years, and said to me that if we wanted to change we would have to wait until the contract expired.

"We failed to agree on this suggestion, and I told him that it made no difference if they had been doing it for 13 years, that they had been violating the contract all the time, that it would not be necessary for us to get into the next joint convention to get that point in the contract, as it was already there, and all we need now is to get the operators to comply with the contract.

"Mr. Miller refused to agree with me, and I tried to get him to agree with arbitration, and he declined that also, saying that there was nothing to arbitrate, and that we would have to wait and come into the next joint convention. After fourteen months I succeeded in getting him to agree to arbitration, and this decision is the outcome. This means that the wages of the miners who have been working twelve hours per day for the sum of \$1.70, will get an increase to \$2.25 per day, or in other words, this means thousands of dollars to the outside men during the remainder of the period contracted for.

"If we are entitled to 21 1/4 cents per hour for ten months of this contract which have yet to be worked out, why are we not entitled to the

same for the time which we have already worked?"

Robert Roll and C. C. Barnaby appeared for the miners, while the operators were represented by D. Stewart Miller of Owensboro.

Faculty at Fordsville.

Prof. W. C. Shultz, of Narrows, has been elected as principal of the Fordsville High School for this year. He was graduated this year from the University of Kentucky, and is splendidly qualified in every way for the position. Other teachers have been elected as follows: Mrs. I. S. Mason, primary department; Mrs. J. H. Loyd, eighth and ninth grades; Prof. Russell Cooper, first assistant; Miss Grace Whittinghill, second assistant.

Goes Into Insurance.

Prof. I. S. Mason, of Fordsville, has resigned his position as principal of the Fordsville Graded School, to accept the position of Supervisor of Agencies for the New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. Prof. Mason has done splendid work for the Fordsville school, and it is regretted that he did not stay with that institution. He is well acquainted with the insurance business, however, having followed it before with much success, being thoroughly capable and reliable.

Court Date Changed.

At the last term of County Court an order was made changing the date for Esq. Jackson's court at Centertown. Court will hereafter be held on Saturday after the third Monday in each month.

PREPARING FOR MEETING OF TOBACCO GROWERS

Preparatory to the holding of the district convention of the Green River Tobacco Growers' Association, which is to be held in Owensboro, Thursday, July 6, county meetings will be held at the county seats Saturday, June 24. At the county meetings delegates will be selected to attend the district convention, and instructions given as to the changing of the by-laws and constitution of the Association.

The committee appointed at the last district convention to draft a new constitution and by-laws has been hard at work, and will have several new clauses to be inserted in the constitution. It is not known just what action will be taken on the proposed change, but the officials are in hopes that the changes will be made. The board of control of the Association will hold a meeting on the night of July 5.

"RUSTLING" CATTLE THIEF GIVEN PRISON SENTENCE

Barbourville, Ky., June 17.—Sam Holland, charged with the theft of twenty-one hundred head of cattle from farmers in the Chenoe Valley, Bell county, was tried in the Circuit Court and received a sentence from one to five years in the penitentiary.

For some time an organized gang of cattle thieves has been operating in the Pine mountains, and private detectives have been employed in the case for several weeks past. Cattle have been rounded up in the Pine mountains and driven across the Cumberland mountains to the big Sandy Valley, over a hundred miles away, where they were disposed of.

Program

Of Sunday School Union of the Ohio County Baptist Association to meet with McGrady Creek church June 27, 1911.

9:30—Devotional led by Elders J. A. Armstrong or W. C. Taylor.

10:00—"Why have a Sunday School"—Elders Birch Shields and G. H. Lawrence.

10:30—Reading minutes and reports of Schools.

11:00—Sermon by Eld. A. B. Gardner.

12:00—Dinner.

1:00 p. m.—"How to Manage the Opening and Closing Exercises"—Eld. W. H. Morton or Herbert Graham.

1:30—"How to manage Lesson Period"—Eld. Claude Chick and W. R. Oldham.

2:00—Hard questions answered.

2:30—The Outlook, speaker to be announced.

3:00—Business and adjournment. Neighboring schools especially, are expected to be well represented. F. W. FORD, Ch'm'n. W. M. FAIR, Sec'y.

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